

United States Department of Agriculture April 4, 2001

Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services

Farm Service Agency

Kansas City Commodity Office P.O. Box 419205 Kansas City, Missouri 64141-6205

AMENDMENT 1 TO ANNOUNCEMENT FC7 PURCHASE OF FORTIFIED CEREAL PRODUCTS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PROGRAMS

The purpose of this amendment is to:

- Delete Paragraph 5 of Section 10, Part B, requiring all wheat flour product ingredients to be tested for vomitoxin. This requirement is deleted since the RTE cereal is now a commercially packaged product.
- Define the manufacturing/cooking process required for the corn and rice biscuit cereal.

Remove the following pages and insert with the enclosed amended pages:

- Pages 5 and 6
- Pages 9 through 12
- Page 15.

Effective date of this amendment is April 4, 2001, and is applicable to all contracts awarded on or after issuance.

In the future, copies of amendments will not be mailed. An E-mail notification will be sent notifying you of the changes and web site. Announcement FC7 and Amendment 1 are available at the Commodity Operations web site www.fsa.usda.gov/daco/default.htm under Domestic Announcements.

Any inquiry pertaining to this amendment should be directed to Jan Wiggins, telephone (816)-926-2603.

/s/ George W. Aldaya

George W. Aldaya Director

Enclosures

EFFECTIVE: January 31, 2001

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

KANSAS CITY COMMODITY OFFICE P.O. BOX 419205 KANSAS CITY, MO 64141-6205

ANNOUNCEMENT FC7

PURCHASE OF FORTIFIED CEREAL PRODUCTS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PROGRAMS



TABLE OF CONTENTS FORTIFIED CEREAL PRODUCTS

<u>Page</u>
1. GENERAL
2. ELIGIBILITY OF OFFERORS
3. SUBMISSION OF OFFERS
4. ACCEPTANCE OF OFFERS4
5. RESPONSIBILITY AND PAST PERFORMANCE OF OFFEROR
6. PROVISIONS OF CONTRACT5
7. NAICS CODE AND SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD
8. RESPONSES TO ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY6
9. PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT8
10. COMMODITY SPECIFICATIONS9
11. MANUFACTURING/COOKING PROCESSES11
12. COMMERCIAL PACKAGING AND MARKING SPECIFICATIONS11
13. QUALITY ASSURANCE
14. SHIPMENT AND DELIVERY
15. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES14
16. INVOICES AND PAYMENT
17. INQUIRIES
CERTIFICATIONS, REPRESENTATIONS, AND WARRANTIES APPENDIX 1
COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTION CEREAL PREPARED APPENDIX 2

ANNOUNCEMENT FC7 PURCHASE OF FORTIFIED (READY-TO-EAT) CEREALS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PROGRAMS

1. **GENERAL**

A. Invitation for Offers

- (1) The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) will from time to time issue an invitation for offers under this announcement to sell fortified cereal (hereinafter referred to as cereal or product) to USDA for use in domestic programs.
- (2) The invitation will specify the office to which offers are to be submitted, the closing time for receipt of offers, and provisions applicable to the proposed procurement which are in addition to or different from those set forth herein.

B. Terms and Conditions

- (1) Provisions of "General Terms and Conditions for the Procurement of Agricultural Commodities or Services," USDA-1, Revision No. 2, as amended (USDA-1), are incorporated as specified in Section 6 of this announcement.
- (2) Offerors are cautioned to read all terms and conditions of USDA-1, TQSA Supplier Guidelines, this announcement, the appendixes to this announcement, and the invitation.

C. Certifications, Representations, and Warranties

Appendix 1 to this announcement contains certifications, representations, and warranties that must be certified and submitted annually to USDA prior to or with an offer. In addition to an annual submission, offerors must submit an updated Appendix 1 as changes in the certifications, representations, and warranties submitted to USDA occur throughout the year.

D. Commercial Item Description

Appendix 2 to this announcement is the Commercial Item Description (CID) for CEREAL, PREPARED, READY-TO-EAT, A-A20000B, dated March 14, 1995.

2. ELIGIBILITY OF OFFERORS

To be eligible to submit an offer under this announcement, the offeror must:

- A. Submit a completed "Solicitation Mailing List Application" (Standard Form 129) to the contracting officer prior to a first offer. Offeror must complete all portions of form SF-129, except Item 18, and include the following additional information for:
 - (1) Item 8. Identify all affiliates including any parent company. Provide full name and main office address. A "parent" company is one that owns or controls the activities and basic business policies of the bidder. An "affiliate" is defined on the back of the form.
 - (2) Item 10. Identify the commodities/products the offeror is interested in supplying.
 - (3) Items 19 and 20. Must be an officer of the company.
- B. Offerors must resubmit form SF-129 as necessary when the information requires updating.
- C. Affirmatively demonstrate responsibility as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 9.104-1. USDA may request a pre-award survey for the purpose of evaluating the offeror's ability to perform the contract.
- D. Meet the definitions of a manufacturer or nonmanufacturer as defined below:
 - (1) Manufacturer means a person that owns, operates, or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
 - (2) Nonmanufacturer means a person that is primarily engaged in the wholesale or retail trade and normally sells the items being supplied to the general public, and will supply the end item of a small business manufacturer or processor made in the United States, or obtain a waiver of such requirement pursuant to 13 C.F.R. 121.406.
- E. Maintain a bona fide business office in the United States for the purpose of selling to USDA the product described in this announcement. Additionally, the offeror must maintain an office, employee, or agent for service of process.

F. Meet the requirements of the Total Quality Systems Audit (TQSA) program. Offerors shall only be allowed to offer from plants that have been audited under TQSA and have received a score of at least 70 points. The Total Quality Systems Audit Supplier Guidelines setting forth the TQSA requirements may be obtained at the Internet location www.fsa.usda.gov/daco/TQSA/tqsa.htm or by contacting:

TQSA Coordinator USDA/FSA/PDD/Stop 0551 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20250-0551

Phone number: 202-720-3774 Fax number: 202-690-1809

3. SUBMISSION OF OFFERS

A. How to Submit Offers

Offers, modifications, withdrawals of offers, and price adjustments shall be submitted through the Domestic Electronic Bid Entry System (DEBES) and received by the date and local time specified in the invitation for receipt of offers. The time of receipt will be determined and recorded by DEBES. Submission of the above by any means other than DEBES will be determined nonresponsive.

B. <u>Computer Software Requirements</u>

The contractor is responsible for choosing their own Internet Service Provider (ISP) to transmit, translate, or carry data between the offeror and this office. The offeror is responsible for the cost of its third-party network.

- (1) Browser requirement: Netscape 4.07 or above **(OR)** Internet Explorer 5.0 or above
- (2) Encryption: Browser capable of handling 128-bit encryption.
- (3) Proxy servers: Offerors must set up their proxy server to allow access to the Internet DEBES port.

C. <u>Access to DEBES</u>

- (1) Port location is https://pcsd.usda.gov:3077/mdbc1000.exe?
- (2) This office will provide the offeror with an ID number and the initial password needed to access DEBES.

- (3) USDA will not be responsible for any failure attributed to the transmission of the bid data prior to being accepted and stored on our web server including, but not limited to the following:
 - (a) Any failure of the offeror's computer hardware or software.
 - (b) Availability of your Internet service provider.
 - (c) Delay in transmission due to the speed of your modem.
 - (d) Delay in transmission due to excessive volume of Internet traffic.
- (4) Price and mode of transportation offered for each item must be entered on DEBES offer form bid page. The Trans (transportation) Mode on the DEBES offer form bid page will default to truck. Offerors may select the rail or piggyback mode for each item if applicable. Offeror's designated mode of transportation will become a contract requirement and may not change without prior approval from this office.

D. Late Submission and Modifications

Any offer submitted to DEBES after the designated time specified for receipt in the invitation will not be considered. Notwithstanding the above, a late modification of an otherwise successful bid that makes its terms more favorable to the Government will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted. For the purpose of this announcement, USDA-1, Articles 6 and 7 are excluded.

E. <u>Basis of Offer</u>

Offers are invited f.o.b. destination. Certain destinations require delivery by TRUCK ONLY or RAIL ONLY. Destinations asterisked together in the invitation indicate carlot combinations, and offers are requested for delivery to all points indicated in the combination. Offerors may rearrange destination sequence on carlot combinations provided the offer is for all parts of the carlot combination. A single price shall be offered for each item. Offers for less than quantity requested per item will not be accepted. **THE USE OF OPEN VAN CARRIERS IS NOT ALLOWED.**

4. ACCEPTANCE OF OFFERS

- A. USDA will notify successful offerors on the date specified in the invitation. The date of acceptance by USDA will be the contract date.
- B. In addition to the price, factors considered in accepting offers will include the time of shipment, the total cost to the Government to deliver the product to the ultimate destination, and the responsibility of the offeror as demonstrated by prior contract performance.
- C. USDA may accept or reject any or all offers, or portions thereof.

5. RESPONSIBILITY AND PAST PERFORMANCE OF OFFEROR

- A. Offerors are cautioned not to bid on product quantities exceeding a level that the offeror can reasonably expect to deliver in accordance with the contract schedule. Deliveries must be made during the contracted delivery period and no extensions will be granted due to weekends or Federal holidays. On time delivery is imperative because this product is used in domestic food programs. Late deliveries cause serious and substantial damages to USDA and to other agencies that use this commodity. Contractor delivering late on contracts must immediately notify the contracting officer of late deliveries and how soon delivery can be expected.
- B. The offeror must certify to timely performance on current contracts on the DEBES certification form. A determination that the late performance is beyond the control or negligence of the contractor will be made by the contracting officer prior to bid opening. An offeror may be deemed nonresponsible if the offeror is delivering late on contracts with USDA and the late delivery is not due to causes beyond the contractor's control. This provision, as it pertains to small business, is a deviation from FAR 9.103(b) and Subpart 19.6.

6. PROVISIONS OF CONTRACT

- A. The contract consists of:
 - (1) Contractor's offer.
 - (2) USDA's acceptance.
 - (3) The applicable invitation.
 - (4) This announcement, including Appendixes 1-2.
 - (5) TQSA Supplier Guidelines.
 - (6) USDA-1, except Articles 50 and 55 and all of Part E. Articles 56, 65, and 67 are applicable, except that contracts will be executed on a delivery basis. All words referring to "ship," "shipping," "shipments," and "shipped" shall be "deliver," "delivering," "delivery(ies)," and "delivered."
- B. If the provisions of USDA-1, TQSA Suppplier Guidelines, and this announcement are not consistent, the provisions of this announcement will prevail. If the provisions of USDA-1, TQSA Supplier Guidelines, this announcement, and the invitation are not consistent, those of the invitation will prevail.
- ✓.. C. No interpretation or amendment of this announcement is valid or enforceable unless such interpretation or amendment is in writing and executed by the contracting officer. No other determination or opinion shall be a contract interpretation even if it came from another USDA official. .. ✓

7. NAICS CODE AND SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARD

A. The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition and the small business size standard is:

COMMODITY	NAICS CODE	SIZE STANDARD (EMPLOYEES)
Fortified Cereal		
(Ready to Eat)	311230	1,000

- B. The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
- C. The U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) has implemented the Procurement Marketing and Access Network (PRO-Net). PRO-Net is a procurement related Internet-based electronic search engine for locating small, small disadvantaged, and womenowned small business sources. The PRO-Net Internet address (URL) is (http://pro-net.sba.gov). Companies that do not have access to the Internet may register for PRO-Net through your local SBA office. The PRO-Net is a free electronic gateway linked to the Commerce Business Daily, government agency home pages, and other sources of procurement opportunities.

8. RESPONSES TO ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY

- A. <u>Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity</u>
 - (1) If the Government receives information that a contractor or a person has engaged in conduct constituting a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of Section 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423) (the Act), as amended by section 4304 of the 1996 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Pub. L. 104-106), the Government may:
 - (a) Cancel the solicitation, if the contract has not yet been awarded or issued; or
 - (b) Rescind the contract with respect to which:
 - 1) The contractor or someone acting for the contractor has been convicted for an offense where the conduct constitutes a violation of subsection 27 (a) or (b) of the Act for the purpose of either:
 - a) Exchanging the information covered by such subsections for anything of value; or

- b) Obtaining or giving anyone a competitive advantage in the award of a Federal agency procurement contract; or
- 2) The head of the contracting activity has determined, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the contractor or someone acting for the contractor has engaged in conduct constituting an offense punishable under subsections 27(e)(1) of the Act.
- (2) If the Government rescinds the contract under paragraph A. (1) of this clause, the Government is entitled to recover, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law, the amount expended under the contract.
- (3) The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, regulation, or under this contract.

B. Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity

- (1) The Government, at its election, may reduce the price of a fixed-price type contract and the total cost and fee under a cost-type contract by the amount of profit or fee determined as set forth in paragraph B. (2) of this clause if the head of the contracting activity or designee determine that there was a violation of subsection 27 (a), (b), or (c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, as amended (41 U.S.C. 423), as implemented in section 3.104 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
- (2) The price or fee reduction referred to in paragraph B. (1) of this clause shall be:
 - (a) For cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts, the amount of the fee specified in the contract at the time of award;
 - (b) For cost-plus-incentive-fee-contracts, the target fee specified in the contract at the time of award, notwithstanding any minimum fee or "fee floor" specified in the contract;
 - (c) For cost-plus-award-fee contracts:
 - 1) The base fee established in the contract at the time of contract award;
 - 2) If no base fee is specified in the contract, 30 percent of the amount of each award fee otherwise payable to the contractor for each award fee evaluation period or at each award fee determination point.

- (d) For fixed-price-incentive contracts, the Government may:
 - 1) Reduce the contract target price and contract target profit both by an amount equal to the initial target profit specified in the contract at the time of contract award; or
 - 2) If an immediate adjustment to the contract target price and contract target profit would have a significant adverse impact on the incentive price revision relationship under the contract, or adversely affect the contract financing provisions, the contracting officer may defer such adjustment until establishment of the total final price of the contract. The total final prices established in accordance with the incentive price revision provisions of the contract award and such reduced price shall be the total final contract price.
- (e) For firm-fixed-price contracts, by 10 percent of the initial contract price or a profit amount determined by the contracting officer from records or documents in existence prior to the date of the contract award.
- (3) The Government may, at its election, reduce a prime contractor's price or fee in accordance with the procedures of paragraph B. (2) of this clause for violations of the Act by its subcontractors by an amount not to exceed the amount of profit or fee reflected in the subcontract at the time the subcontract was first definitively priced.
- (4) In addition to the remedies in paragraphs B. (1) and B. (3) of this clause, the Government may terminate this contract for default. The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

9. PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT

- A. The Government suspends or debars contractors to protect the Government's interests. Contractors must not enter into any subcontract equal to, or in excess of, the small purchase limitation of \$25,000 with a contractor that has been debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment unless the acquiring agency's head or designee determines there is a compelling reason for such action (FAR 9.405).
- B. The contractor must require each proposed first-tier subcontractor, whose subcontract shall exceed the small purchase limitation of \$25,000, to disclose to the contractor, in writing, whether as of the time of award of the subcontract, the subcontractor, or its principals, is or is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government.

- C. A corporate officer or a designee of the contractor must notify the contracting officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment (See FAR 9.404 for information on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement Programs). The notice must include the following:
 - (1) The name of the subcontractor;
 - (2) The contractor's knowledge of the reasons for the subcontractor being on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement Programs;
 - (3) The compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its inclusion on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement Programs;
 - (4) The systems and procedures the contractor has established to ensure that it is fully protecting the Government's interests when dealing with such subcontractor in view of the specific basis for the party's debarment, suspension, or proposed debarment.

10. COMMODITY SPECIFICATIONS

A. <u>Domestic Origin</u>

- (1) The product delivered under this announcement must be produced in the United States from commodities produced in the United States.
- (2) For purposes of this section, the following definition applies:
 - "Produced in the United States" means manufactured, processed, mined, harvested, or otherwise prepared for sale or distribution, from components originating in the United States. Components originating in the United States which have been exported, and subsequently imported back into the United States, will not be considered as having been produced in the United States.
- ✓.. (3) The contractor must maintain records to verify that during the contract delivery period, at the point of packaging or, at the point of delivery to USDA, the product, containers, and packaging materials were in compliance with the domestic origin requirements of this section of the announcement. (See Article 76 of USDA-1).. ✓
 - (4) USDA will randomly conduct domestic origin compliance reviews to determine if the product delivered to USDA was produced and manufactured in the U.S. from materials produced and manufactured in the U.S. Upon request, the contractor must submit documentation substantiating compliance to the contracting officer for review. This documentation may include procurement, production, inventory, delivery, and any other pertinent records. Onsite reviews may also be performed, at the discretion of USDA.

B. Commercial Product Specifications

- (1) Contractors are to supply commercial labeled products only. Contractors must certify and fully demonstrate that the product being delivered has history of successful distribution and use in domestic commercial channels, and is sold on the commercial market with an established level of consumer acceptance prior to the initial bid. The product delivered shall comply with all applicable Federal and State mandatory requirements and regulations relating to the preparation, processing, packaging, labeling, storage, distribution, and sale within the commercial marketplace.
- (2) The product must conform in every respect to the provisions of the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including any Defect Action Level guidelines issued by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) which may be applicable to this product. Any product with counts in excess of the FDA Defect Action Level guidelines shall not be shipped.
- (3) The product must conform in every respect to the requirements of Appendix 2, Commercial Item Description (CID) A-A-20000B, dated March 14, 1995, except the expanded/extruded manufacturing process is excluded from all types and classifications of the cereal products allowed in Part 2.1 of the CID.
- (4) Warranty. The fortified cereal must have a shelf life of at least one year from date of manufacture. Product must not be manufactured more than 60 days prior to shipping. Contractor must replace defective commodity with an equal quantity of commodity which conforms to all contract requirements and specifications, provided replacement is agreed to by USDA.
- ✓.. (5) Subject to the provisions of Articles 60 and 68 of the USDA-1, product which deviates from the specifications of this contract will be rejected.
 - (6) The product delivered must comply with the domestic origin requirements as specified in Section 10, paragraph A. ..

11. MANUFACTURING/COOKING PROCESSES

- flakes, bran flakes, and crisp rice) shall be the conventional batch method. The process for the corn square cereal or the corn and rice biscuit cereal may be the conventional batch method or the extruded method. The process for the oat circle cereal shall be produced by the extruded method. When the extruded method is used for shaped cereals (corn squares, corn and rice biscuits, or oat circles), it must include dry and/or tempering of the product followed by gun or oven puffing. ...
 - (2) The main ingredient for the cereal products shall consist of whole grain kernels, parts of kernels, or flaking grits for the conventional batch method. When using the extruded process for shaped cereals only, a whole grain flour (includes the bran) or meal shall be used.

12. COMMERCIAL PACKAGING AND MARKING SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Container and packaging requirements for commercial products are those used in the current commercial shipping practices and must comply with the following unitization requirements:
 - (1) Unless otherwise specified by USDA, all shipments of packaged products must be unitized (palletized or slipsheeted and stretch wrapped).
 - (2) Pallets must be:
 - (a) Constructed to facilitate the safe handling, stacking, and transportation of the packaged product, as a unit, without loss or damage.
 - (b) 48 x 40 inches, four-way or partial four-way, and reversible or nonreversible flush stringer.
 - (c) Suitable for use in the shipment of food products.
 - (3) Plastic stretch wrap must be:
 - (a) Constructed of a plastic film which is to be stretched a minimum of 50 percent beyond its original length when stretched around the pallet load.
 - (b) Applied as tightly as possible around all tiers of the palletized shipping containers. The shipping containers must be held firmly in place by the stretch wrap.

(4) Pallet loads must be:

- (a) Stacked in such a way as to minimize the amount that shipping containers overhang the edges of pallets. (While shipping containers may overhang the edges of pallets, contractors are reminded that they are responsible for the safe shipment and delivery of the product.)
- (b) Blocked and braced or otherwise loaded into the conveyance in a manner that prevents shifting during transit.

(5) Slipsheets

- (a) As an option, the contractor may ship the commodity on slipsheets with the individual units held in place with a plastic film stretched to a minimum of 50 percent beyond its original length when stretched around the unit load.
- (b) Blocked and braced or otherwise loaded into the conveyance in a manner that prevents shifting during transit.
- B. The marking and labeling for commercial products must be in accordance with good commercial practices.
- C. At contractor's option a statement such as "NOT FOR RETAIL SALE" may be printed on the principal display panel of the food label.
- D. The manufacturer's lot code/lot identification number must be shown on the commercial bill of lading.
- E. All containers and packaging materials must be manufactured and assembled in the United States. The components that make up the fabricating materials of the containers and packaging materials must be of U.S. origin to the extent that they are commercially available.
- F. Cereal must be packed in a pouch and placed in a fiberboard carton. The pouch and carton must be of a type normally used in commercial channels.

13. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The contractor must perform the product testing and quality analysis to ensure that the product meets the specifications described in Section 10 B. The results must be evidenced by a Certificate of Analysis. The contractor must retain the Certificates of Analysis and furnish to USDA upon request. Contractors are required to notify KCCO immediately of lots that fail to meet contract requirements.

- B. Contractor must not ship the product unless the containers and markings meet the Acceptable Quality Level (AQL) of the "U.S. Standards for Condition of Food Containers." Except with respect to shipments which do not meet the AQL standards, and notwithstanding Article 56 (b) of USDA-1, contractor assumes all risks and liabilities that arise with respect to the failure of the shipped product to meet contract specifications.
- C. TQSA program is a method of contractor verification and shall not relieve contractors of their responsibility to deliver a product which complies with all contractual and specification requirements.
- D. If contractor becomes TQSA non-compliant after contract is awarded and through execution of contract, the contracting officer may terminate contract for default.

14. SHIPMENT AND DELIVERY

- A. Shipment and delivery must be made in accordance with this announcement and Articles 56 and 64 of USDA-1.
- B. Title and risk of loss will pass to USDA on the date of delivery, as evidenced by signed and dated consignee's receipt, warehouse receipt, dock receipt, or other similar document acceptable to USDA.
- C. The quantity of the product delivered in good condition must be evidenced by signed and dated consignee's receipt, warehouse receipt, dock receipt, or other similar document acceptable to USDA, and such document must be retained by the contractor.
- D. Contractors are required to make **TWO** notifications for each shipment (See Article 56(c) of USDA-1):
 - (1) The State Agency, "Consign To" party shown on the Notice to Deliver (N/D), must be **FAXED** on day of shipment.
 - (2) The receiving warehouse, "Care Of" party shown on the N/D, must be called 24 hours in advance to schedule an unloading appointment. (This is not required for rail shipments.) Contractors must notify the contracting officer in advance if deliveries will not be made by the final delivery date under the contract, in accordance with Article 67(a) of USDA-1.
- E. Consignees may request upgrading of delivery service; for example, delivery within the doors of the consignee's premises or to a specific room within a building. Contractors are alerted that such delivery terms are beyond contractual requirements. If an upgrade of delivery services is requested and agreed to, additional charges must be billed to the party requesting the service.

15. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

A. <u>Compensation to Contractor for Late Issuance of Notice to Deliver</u>

Liquidated damages for delay in delivery due to late issuance of "Notice to Deliver" (KC-269), will be payable in accordance with Article 65 of USDA-1, and will be at the rate of \$0.45 per 100 pounds (net weight) per day.

B. Compensation to USDA for Delay in Delivery

Liquidated damages for delay in delivery will be payable in accordance with Article 67 of USDA-1, and will be at the rate of \$0.45 per 100 pounds (net weight) per day.

16. INVOICES AND PAYMENT

- A. Invoicing and payment will be handled in accordance with Article 70, USDA-1 except that a properly prepared invoice package must include the following supporting documents:
 - (1) A signed and dated Form KC-269 (reverse side) which includes the "Contractor's Invoice Certification" evidencing the date of delivery and quantity (units) delivered in good condition, OR
 - (2) A signed and dated commercial invoice evidencing the date of delivery and quantity (units) delivered in good condition which must include the following statement (either as a part of the commercial invoice or an attachment to):

"Contractor's Invoice Certification"

"I certify that this invoice presented for payment is true. This certification is executed with full knowledge of the provision of 15 U.S.C. 714m(a), which provides a fine of not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment of not more than five years or both, for making any statement knowing it to be false, for the purpose of influencing in any way the action of the United States Department of Agriculture, and with full knowledge of the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 3729 imposing civil liability upon any person who shall make or cause to be made a false, fictitious, or fraudulent claim against the United States."

Authorized signature	Date	

- (3) Commercial bill of lading.
- (4) If the contractor does not complete a "Contractor's Invoice Certification," then proof of delivery as evidenced by one or more of the following documents will be required as a part of the invoice package:
 - (a) A copy of the Bill of Lading signed and dated by the recipient
 - (b) A copy of the commercial receipt evidencing delivery signed and dated by the recipient.

Invoices must be mailed to:

Kansas City Finance Office Financial Operations Division, Payment Certification Branch Stop Code 8578 P.O. Box 419205 Kansas City, MO 64141-6205

Federal agencies to convert all Federal payments from checks to electronic fund transfers. Payments may be made directly to a financial banking institution. To receive payments electronically, Standard Form 3881, ACH Vendor/Miscellaneous Payment Enrollment Form must be completed. If you have questions or would like these forms mailed to you, contact Financial Operations Division, Payment Certification Branch.

17. INOUIRIES

Inquiries pertaining to USDA-1 and this announcement should be directed to:

Kansas City Commodity Office Dairy and Domestic Operations Division Stop Code 8718 P.O. Box 419205 Kansas City, MO 64141-6205

George W. Aldaya Director Kansas City Commodity Office UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF
AGRICULTURE

KANSAS CITY COMMODITY OFFICE P.O. BOX 419205 KANSAS CITY, MO 64141-6205

APPENDIX 1

Certifications, Representations, and Warranties for DOMESTIC COMMODITY PROCUREMENTS



APPENDIX 1

Certifications, Representations, and Warranties

These certifications concern matters within the jurisdiction of an agency of the United States and the making of a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may render the maker subject to prosecution under the United States Code, including Title 18, U.S.C., Section 1001 and Title 15, U.S.C., Section 714m.

1. The certifications, representations, and warranties listed in this appendix are required for submission of offers. The Kansas City Commodity Office (KCCO) will retain this appendix on file as the offeror's certifications, representations, and warranties for subsequent invitations for offers under the announcement(s) checked in the table below. By submitting an offer under the announcement(s) checked as applicable by the offeror in the table below, the offeror certifies and warrants that the appendix on file with KCCO contains the current status of the offeror. Offerors are responsible for updating this appendix as may be necessary prior to, or with any applicable offer submission by the offeror.

Domestic Announcements (Check U Applicable Announcements)						
BF Bakery Flour Products PC Processed Cereal						
CR C	Crackers	PP	Peanut Products			
СР	Corn Products	RC	Instant Rice Cereal			
FC F	Fortified Cereal Products	RP	Rice Products			
MC N	Macaroni and Cheese	VP	Vegetable Oil Products			
PA	Pasta Products	WF	Wheat Flour Products			

2. Notice of Requirements for Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities

By submitting an offer under the announcement(s) indicated in paragraph 1 of this appendix, the offeror shall be deemed to have agreed to the provisions of the "Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities" in Article 31 of USDA-1.

	3.	Manufacturer	(Check One
--	-----------	---------------------	------------

Manufacturer, means a person that owns, operates, or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.

4. Nonmanufacturer (Check One)

Offeror represents and certifies it is \Box	is not \square	a nonmanufacturer.
---	------------------	--------------------

Nonmanufacturer means a person that is primarily engaged in the wholesale or retail trade and normally sells the items being supplied to the general public; and will supply the end item of a small business manufacturer or processor made in the United States, or obtains a waiver of such requirement pursuant to 13 C.F.R. 121.406.

5. Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (Applicable if procurement is a Total Small Business Set Aside)

A. Definition

"Small business concern," as used in this clause, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standards in Title 13 CFR 121.

B. General

SET-ASIDE ITEM NUMBERS ARE THOSE IN THE 700-900 SERIES. Offers received from other than a small business for small business set-aside item numbers will not be considered unless USDA is unsuccessful in contracting for those item numbers under set-aside provisions. In that event, USDA may award the set-aside item numbers to other than small businesses.

C. Agreement

A manufacturer or nonmanufacturer submitting an offer in its own name warrants that it will furnish in performing the contract, only small business set-aside end items manufactured or produced by small business concerns inside the United States, its territories and possessions, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

	A. Offeror represents and certifies as part of its offer that it is \square is not \square a small business concern as defined in paragraph 5.A. of this appendix.							
	B.	not a business co	ll □ end oncern in the	iness concern, man items to be furnish United States, its t tory of the Pacific	ed must be ma erritories or po	nufacture	ed or produce	•
7.	Sma	all Disadvan	ıtaged Busi	ness Concern Re	presentation	(Check	One)	
	Offe 1.	eror is \square	is not □	a small disadvant	aged business	concern a	as defined in	Article 45 of USDA-
8.	Woı	men-Owned	l Small Bus	iness Representa	tion (Check C	(ne)		
	Offe USE	eror is □ DA-1.	is not □	a women-owne	d small busines	ss concer	n as defined	in Article 42 of
9.	HUBZone Representation (Check One)							
	Offeror is \square is not \square a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal place of ownership, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and							
	Offeror is \Box is not \Box a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in the above paragraph of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. (<i>The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture:</i>							
10.	Vete	eran-owned	Small Busi	ness Concern Re	presentation	(Check	One)	
	Offe	eror is \square	is not □	a veteran-owned	small business	concern	as defined b	elow.
	<u>Vete</u>	eran-owned s	mall busines	s concern means a	small business	concern	:	
	(1)	(2)) or, in the	he case of ar		•			ned at 38 U.S.C. 101 the stock of which is

Small Business Concern Representation (Check One)

6.

	(2)	The management and dairy business operations of which are controlled by one of more veterans.				
11.	Serv	vice-disabled Veteran-owned Small Business Concern Representation (Check One)				
	Offe belo					
	Serv	rice-disabled veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern:				
	(1)	Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and				
	(2)	The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.				
	(3)	Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101 (16)				
12. Contingent Fee Representation (Check One)						
	The offeror represents that, except for full-time bona fide employees working solely for the offeror, the offeror:					
	A.	Has □ Has not □ employed or retained any person or firm to solicit or obtain this contract;				
	B.	Has \square Has not \square paid or agreed to pay to any person or firm employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee contingent upon or resulting from the award of this contract.				
13.	Clea	an Air and Water Certification (Check One)				
	Offeror certifies as follows:					
	A. Any facility to be used in the performance of this proposed contract is □ is not □ listed on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities;					
	B.	Offeror must immediately notify the contracting officer, before award, of the receipt of any communication from the Administrator, or a designee of the EPA, indicating that any facility that the offeror proposes to use for the performance of the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities;				
	C.	Offeror must include a certification substantially the same as this certification, including this paragraph, in every nonexempt subcontract. (Article 47 of USDA-1 contains the Clean Air and Water Clause.)				

	Offeror represents that it:							
	A.	Has \square Has not \square developed and has \square does not have \square on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (Title 41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2);						
	B.	Has \square Has not \square previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action program requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.						
15.	Pre	vious Contracts and Compliance Reports (Check One)						
	Offe	eror represents that it:						
	A.	Has □ Has not □ participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject either to the "Equal Opportunity" clause in Article 41 of USDA-1, the clause originally contained in Section 310 of Executive Order No. 10925, or the clause contained in Section 201 of Executive Order No. 11114;						
	B.	Has □ Has not □ filed all required compliance reports;						
	C.	Must obtain representations indicating submission of required compliance reports signed by proposed subcontractors prior to subcontract awards.						
16.	Cer	tificate of Independent Price Determination $(Check\ A\ or\ B)$						
	A.	Offeror certifies that the person submitting this bid, as identified in Section 20, is the person in offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of the "Certificate of Independent Price Determination" in Article 30 of USDA-1;						
	B. Offeror certifies that the person submitting this bid, as identified in Section 20, is an authorized agent for (
17.	Cer	tification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions						
	A. The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause "Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions" in FAR 52.203-12, are hereby incorporated, by reference, in this certification.							

14. Affirmative Action Compliance (Check One)

- B. The offeror, by submitting its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that:
 - (1) No federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of a contract resulting from this solicitation;
 - (2) If any funds, other than federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered federal transaction), have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror must complete and submit, with its offer, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities" (OMB Standard Form LLL), to the contracting officer;
 - (3) The language of this certification must be included in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- C. Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Title 31, U.S.C., Section 1352. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

18. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Proposed Debarment, and Other Responsibility Matters (Check All That Apply)

The offeror certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

		,		Ç ,
(1)	The o	offeror and/	or any of its pr	rincipals:
	(a)		Are not □ red ineligible f	presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, for the award of contracts by any federal agency;
	(b)	Цохо П	Uovo not [within a three year period proceeding this offer been

(b) Have □ Have not □ within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

A.

(c)	Are L	Are r	not ⊔ pr	resently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly
	charge	ed by a go	overnmenta	l entity with, commission of any of the offenses
	enume	erated in S	Subdivision	A(1)(b) of this provision.
The of	fferor	has \square	has not \Box	within a three-year period preceding this offer, had

B. "Principals," for the purpose of this certification means officers, directors, owners, partners, and/or persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager, plant manager, head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

one or more contracts terminated for default by any federal agency.

- C. The offeror must provide immediate written notice to the contracting officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- D. A certification where any items in paragraph A. of this provision exists shall not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, certification shall be considered in connection with a determination of the offeror's responsibility. Failure of the offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the contracting officer may render the offeror nonresponsive.
- E. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph A. of this provision. The knowledge and information of an offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- F. The certification in paragraph A. of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making the award. If it is later determined that the offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the contracting officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

19. Taxpayer Identification

A. Definitions

(2)

- (1) "Common parent," as used in this solicitation provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.
- (2) "Corporate status," as used in this solicitation provision, means a designation as to whether the offeror is a corporate entity or an unincorporated entity (e.g., sole proprietorship or partnership).

B.	All offerors are required to submit the information required in paragraphs C. through E. of this section in order to comply with reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the reporting requirements described in FAR 4.903, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
C.	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)
	TIN:
	☐ TIN has been applied for.
	TIN is not required because:
D.	Corporate Status (Check One)
	Corporation
	Sole Proprietorship
	Partnership
E.	Common Parent
	☐ Offeror is not owned by a common parent as defined in paragraph A.
	Common parent name:

"Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this solicitation provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in

reporting income tax and other returns.

Common parent TIN:

(3)

IN WITNESS WHE	REOF, the unders	signed has executed this offer this	day
(Month)	(Year)		
NAME OF FIRM			
SIGNATURE 1		TITLE	
TYPED NAME			
	Additional Repr	resentatives Authorized to Sign	Offers
	Additional Repr	resentatives Authorized to Sign	
Sig	nature		
Sig	nature	Typed	

1

Before signing this Appendix, see Article 6 of USDA-1.

EFFECTIVE: January 31, 2001

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF
AGRICULTURE

KANSAS CITY COMMODITY OFFICE P.O. BOX 419205 KANSAS CITY, MO 64141-6205

APPENDIX 2

Commercial Item Description Cereal, Prepared, Ready-To-Eat

ANNOUNCEMENT FC7

A-A-20000B dated March 14, 1995

http://www.ams.usda.gov/fqa/cidbread.htm

